



Federal Transit Administration

5310 GRANT APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Persons with Disabilities

Federal Fiscal Years
2015, 2016 and 2017
Funding For
Utah's Large Urban Areas

Instructions for completing Utah Transit Authority's Federal Transit Administration 5310, Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Persons with Disabilities, Grant Application for Utah's Large Urban areas.

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Designated Recipient

The Utah Transit Authority has been designated by the Governor of Utah as the designated recipient to administer the FTA 5310 program for Utah's large urban areas. Under previous programs, the Utah Department of Transportation administered the FTA 5310 funds for both the large urban and rural areas of Utah.

Project Eligibilities and Requirements

Eligible Projects *(refer to Appendix 1 for a complete list of eligible projects)*

Funding is available for capital and operating expenses for transportation programs serving seniors and individuals with disabilities. Eligible projects include those that are planned, designed, and carried out to meet the special needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, inappropriate, or unavailable. Funds may also be used for public transportation projects that exceed the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 as amended (ADA), which improve access to fixed-route service, decrease reliance by individuals with disabilities on complementary paratransit, and for alternatives to public transportation that assist seniors and individuals with disabilities. For more information on eligible projects, refer to Appendix 1.

Eligible Applicants

Agency was represented at one of the following mandatory transportation workshops ---

Davis County Health, Clearfield
Mountainland Association of Governments, Orem
Utah Transit Authority, Salt Lake City

And agency is a –

1. private nonprofit organization;
2. state or local government authority; or
3. operator of public transportation.

Eligible Project Areas

These funds are limited to Utah's large urbanized areas.

1. areas within Davis, Salt Lake, Utah, and/or Weber counties
2. areas within Brigham City, Perry, and/or Willard cities.

For information about funding in Utah's rural communities, contact the Public Transportation Team at the Utah Department of Transportation.

Coordination Requirements

FTA's 5310 program **requires** that all projects selected for award address **at least one** need or strategy identified in the Coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan for the service area. Plan excerpts discussing the needs and strategies for each area are available on the UTA website at rideuta.com/FTA5310. The complete coordinated (mobility) plans for each area are available at the following links:

2015 Bear River Coordinated Human Service Transportation Plan (including Brigham City, Perry, and Willard):

www.bearrivermobility.org/resources

Questions? contact Zac Covington at (435) 713---1423

2016 Davis, Salt Lake, Utah, and Weber County Mobility Plans:

Questions? Contact Holly Mahoney at (801) 237-1994

Local Match Requirements

Capital projects require a 20% local match.

Operating projects require a 50% local match.

Local match must be provided from sources other than Federal DOT funds. Examples of sources of local match that may be used include the following:

- State or local appropriations
- Other non---DOT Federal funds (ie: CDBG, Federal Aging dollars, DSPD)
- Dedicated tax revenues
- Private donations
- Revenue from human service contracts
- Net income generated from advertising and concessions

Farebox revenue may not be used as local match. Farebox revenue is considered income and is deducted from total operating cost to determine the net cost of the activity.

The use of a non---cash local match is allowable and can include volunteer transportation program services, physical improvements, and computer work station hardware and software.

Application Submittal Instructions

1. Federal Fiscal Year 2016, 2017 and the remaining 2015 funds are available for competitive application.
2. Sample Application forms are available beginning December 15, 2016.

3. UTA is implementing an online application and grant management process. Details will be released soon with instructions on how to complete the online application process.
4. DUNS number (Data Universal Numbering System), Question #3 on the application, is required for government funding. A DUNS number is a proprietary system developed and regulated by Dun & Bradstreet that assigns a random unique numeric identifier to a single business entity. The U.S. Small Business Administration's website provides information about obtaining a DUNS number. Visit <https://www.sba.gov/contracting/getting-started-contractor/get-d-u-n-s-number> for more information.
5. Completed applications must be submitted online through UTA's online application portal. Paper applications will generally not be accepted unless absolutely necessary. If a paper application is approved, the application must be submitted by:
 - hand---delivery or mail to---
ATTN: Holly Mahoney
Utah Transit Authority
669 W 200 S
Salt Lake City, UT 84101
6. Completed applications must be received/postmarked by 5:00 pm (MDT) on March 15, 2017 in order to be considered eligible for funding.
7. Incomplete and/or late applications will not be eligible for award.
8. Applicants will be notified of project award in June or July of 2017.

Alternative Formats are available upon request.

Questions? Contact

Holly Mahoney, UTA Coordinated Mobility Grants
Administrator (801) 237---1994/ hmahoney@rideuta.com

APPENDIX 1 – ELIGIBLE PROJECT EXPENSES

Section 5310 funds are available for capital and operating expenses to support the provision of transportation services to meet the specific needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities.

Section 5310(b) provides that of the amounts apportioned to states and designated recipients, not less than 55 percent shall be available for traditional Section 5310 projects—those public transportation capital projects planned, designed, and carried out to meet the specific needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, unavailable, or inappropriate. Notably, this 55 percent is a floor, not a ceiling—recipients may use more than 55 percent of their apportionment for this type of project.

This means that at least 55 percent of any rural, small urbanized area, or large urbanized area’s annual apportionment must be utilized for public transportation capital projects that are planned, designed, and carried out to meet the specific needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities. It is not sufficient that seniors and individuals with disabilities are merely included (or assumed to be included) among the people who will benefit from the project.

Eligible projects for the required 55 percent of capital projects include the capital cost of contracting for the provision of transit services for seniors and individuals with disabilities and other specialized shared-ride transportation services. The purchase of rolling stock for or the acquisition of ADA-complementary paratransit service are eligible capital expenses that may also qualify as public transportation capital projects planned, designed, and carried out to meet the specific needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, unavailable, or inappropriate, provided the projects are carried out by eligible subrecipients (see section 5, above) and these projects are included in the area’s coordinated plan.

In addition to the above required capital projects, up to 45 percent of an area’s apportionment may be utilized for additional public transportation projects that:

- a. Exceed the ADA minimum requirements,
- b. Improve access to fixed-route service and decrease reliance by individuals with disabilities on ADA-complementary paratransit service, or
- c. Provide alternatives to public transportation that assist seniors and individuals with disabilities with transportation.

Such projects must be targeted toward meeting the transportation needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities, although they may be used by the general public. It is not sufficient that seniors and individuals with disabilities are included (or assumed to be included) among the people who will benefit from the project. FTA encourages projects that are open to the public as a means of avoiding unnecessary segregation of services.

Recipients must clearly identify the projects that are part of the required 55 percent capital projects as part of the grant activity line item narrative descriptions. Many projects may be eligible under both the required and optional criteria, but a discrete set of projects that meet the required criteria constituting at least 55 percent of the grant amount, exclusive of administrative expenses, must be identified. Alternatively, the grant application may assign less than the required 55 percent to such projects if other grants in the same fiscal year utilize more than the required 55 percent, so long as at least 55 percent of the total annual apportionment will be used for required projects. In such cases, a list of the other grants and the funding amounts must be included within the new grant application.

Projects selected for funding shall be included in a coordinated plan that minimally includes the following elements at a level consistent with available resources and the complexity of the local institutional environment:

- (1) An assessment of available services that identifies current transportation providers (public, private, and nonprofit);
- (2) An assessment of transportation needs for individuals with disabilities and seniors. This assessment can be based on the experiences and perceptions of the planning partners or on more sophisticated data collection efforts, and gaps in service;
- (3) Strategies, activities, and/or projects to address the identified gaps between current services and needs, as well as opportunities to achieve efficiencies in service delivery; and
- (4) Priorities for implementation based on resources (from multiple program sources), time, and feasibility for implementing specific strategies and/or activities identified.

TRADITIONAL 5310 PROJECTS:

ELIGIBLE CAPITAL EXPENSES THAT MEET THE 55 PERCENT REQUIREMENT. Funds for the Section 5310 program are available for capital expenses as defined in Section 5302(3) to support public transportation capital projects planned, designed, and carried out to meet the special needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, unavailable, or inappropriate. Examples of capital expenses that meet the 55 percent requirement, which must be carried out by an eligible recipient or subrecipient as described in section 5 of this chapter above, include, but are not limited to:

a. Rolling stock and related activities for Section 5310-funded vehicles

- (1) Acquisition of expansion or replacement buses or vans, and related procurement, testing, inspection, and acceptance costs;
- (2) Vehicle rehabilitation or overhaul;

- (3) Preventive maintenance;
 - (4) Radios and communication equipment; and
 - (5) Vehicle wheelchair lifts, ramps, and securement devices.
- b. Passenger facilities related to Section 5310-funded vehicles
 - (1) Purchase and installation of benches, shelters, and other passenger amenities.
- c. Support facilities and equipment for Section 5310-funded vehicles
 - (1) Extended warranties that do not exceed the industry standard;
 - (2) Computer hardware and software;
 - (3) Transit-related intelligent transportation systems (ITS);
 - (4) Dispatch systems; and
 - (5) Fare collection systems.
- d. Lease of equipment when lease is more cost effective than purchase. Note that when lease of equipment or facilities is treated as a capital expense, the recipient must establish criteria for determining cost effectiveness in accordance with FTA regulations, "Capital Leases," 49 CFR part 639 and OMB Circular A-94, which provides the necessary discount factors and formulas for applying the same;
- e. Acquisition of transportation services under a contract, lease, or other arrangement. This may include acquisition of ADA-complementary paratransit services when provided by an eligible recipient or subrecipient as defined in section 5 of this chapter, above. Both capital and operating costs associated with contracted service are eligible capital expenses. User-side subsidies are considered one form of eligible arrangement. Funds may be requested for contracted services covering a time period of more than one year. The capital eligibility of acquisition of services as authorized in 49 U.S.C. 5310(b)(4) is limited to the Section 5310 program;
- f. Support for mobility management and coordination programs among public transportation providers and other human service agencies providing transportation. Mobility management is an eligible capital cost. Mobility management techniques may enhance transportation access for populations beyond those served by one agency or organization within a community. For example, a nonprofit agency could receive Section 5310 funding to support the administrative costs of sharing services it provides to its own clientele with other seniors and/or individuals with disabilities and coordinate usage of vehicles with other nonprofits, but not the operating costs of service. Mobility management is intended to build coordination among existing public

transportation providers and other transportation service providers with the result of expanding the availability of service. Mobility management activities may include:

- (1) The promotion, enhancement, and facilitation of access to transportation services, including the integration and coordination of services for individuals with disabilities, seniors, and low-income individuals;
- (2) Support for short-term management activities to plan and implement coordinated services;
- (3) The support of state and local coordination policy bodies and councils;
- (4) The operation of transportation brokerages to coordinate providers, funding agencies, and passengers;
- (5) The provision of coordination services, including employer-oriented transportation management organizations' and human service organizations' customer-oriented travel navigator systems and neighborhood travel coordination activities such as coordinating individualized travel training and trip planning activities for customers;
- (6) The development and operation of one-stop transportation traveler call centers to coordinate transportation information on all travel modes and to manage eligibility requirements and arrangements for customers among supporting programs; and
- (7) Operational planning for the acquisition of intelligent transportation technologies to help plan and operate coordinated systems inclusive of geographic information systems (GIS) mapping, global positioning system technology, coordinated vehicle scheduling, dispatching and monitoring technologies, as well as technologies to track costs and billing in a coordinated system, and single smart customer payment systems. (Acquisition of technology is also eligible as a standalone capital expense).

- g. Capital activities (e.g., acquisition of rolling stock and related activities, acquisition of services, etc.) to support ADA-complementary paratransit service may qualify toward the 55 percent requirement, so long as the service is provided by an eligible recipient/subrecipient as defined in section 5, above, and is included in the coordinated plan.

OTHER SECTION 5310 PROJECTS:

OTHER ELIGIBLE CAPITAL AND OPERATING EXPENSES.

- a. General. Up to 45 percent of a rural, small urbanized area, or large urbanized area's annual apportionment may be utilized for:

- (1) Public transportation projects (capital only) planned, designed, and carried out to meet the special needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, inappropriate, or unavailable;
- (2) Public transportation projects (capital and operating) that exceed the requirements of ADA;
- (3) Public transportation projects (capital and operating) that improve access to fixed-route service and decrease reliance by individuals with disabilities on ADA-complementary paratransit service; or
- (4) Alternatives to public transportation (capital and operating) that assist seniors and individuals with disabilities with transportation.

Since the 55 percent requirement is a floor, and not a ceiling, the activities listed in section 14, above, are eligible expenses for all funds available to a recipient under Section 5310. For example, mobility management and ITS projects may be eligible under both categories; the difference to note, in order for the project to qualify toward the 55 percent requirement, is that the project must meet the definition of a capital project, be specifically geared toward the target population, and carried out by an eligible subrecipient, which is limited for this category of projects. The list of eligible activities is intended to be illustrative, not exhaustive. FTA encourages recipients to develop innovative solutions to meet the needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities in their communities and discuss proposed projects with FTA regional staff to confirm eligibility.

b. Public Transportation Projects that Exceed the Requirements of the ADA. The following activities are examples of eligible projects meeting the definition of public transportation service that is beyond the ADA.

- (1) Enhancing paratransit beyond minimum requirements of the ADA. ADA-complementary paratransit services can be eligible under the Section 5310 program in several ways:
 - (a) Expansion of paratransit service parameters beyond the three-fourths mile required by the ADA;
 - (b) Expansion of current hours of operation for ADA paratransit services that are beyond those provided on the fixed-route services;
 - (c) The incremental cost of providing same day service;
 - (d) The incremental cost (if any) of making door-to-door service available to all eligible ADA paratransit riders, but not on a case-by-case basis for individual riders in an otherwise curb-to-curb system;
 - (e) Enhancement of the level of service by providing escorts or assisting riders through the door of their destination;

- (f) Acquisition of vehicles and equipment designed to accommodate mobility aids that exceed the dimensions and weight ratings established for wheelchairs under the ADA regulations, 49 CFR part 38 (i.e., larger than 30" x 48" and/or weighing more than 600 pounds), and labor costs of aides to help drivers assist passengers with oversized wheelchairs. This would permit the acquisition of lifts with a larger capacity, as well as modifications to lifts with a 600-pound design load, and the acquisition of heavier duty vehicles for paratransit and/or demand-response service in order to accommodate lifts with a heavier design load; and
- (g) Installation of additional securement locations in public buses beyond what is required by the ADA.

- (2) Feeder services. Accessible "feeder" service (transit service that provides access) to commuter rail, commuter bus, intercity rail, and intercity bus stations, for which complementary paratransit service is not required under the ADA.

c. Public Transportation Projects that Improve Accessibility. The following activities are examples of eligible projects that improve accessibility to the fixed-route system.

- (1) Making accessibility improvements to transit and intermodal stations not designated as key stations. Improvements for accessibility at existing transportation facilities that are not designated as key stations established under 49 CFR 37.47, 37.51, or 37.53, and that are not required under 49 CFR 37.43 as part of an alteration or renovation to an existing station, so long as the projects are clearly intended to remove barriers that would otherwise have remained. Section 5310 funds are eligible to be used for accessibility enhancements that remove barriers to individuals with disabilities so they may access greater portions of public transportation systems, such as fixed-route bus service, commuter rail, light rail, and rapid rail. This may include:
 - (a) Building an accessible path to a bus stop that is currently inaccessible, including curb cuts, sidewalks, accessible pedestrian signals, or other accessible features;
 - (b) Adding an elevator or ramps, detectable warnings, or other accessibility improvements to a non-key station that are not otherwise required under the ADA;
 - (c) Improving signage or wayfinding technology; or
 - (d) Implementation of other technology improvements that enhance accessibility for people with disabilities including ITS.
- (2) Travel training. Training programs for individual users on awareness, knowledge, and skills of public and alternative transportation options available in their communities. This includes travel instruction and travel training services.

d. Public Transportation Alternatives that Assist Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities with Transportation. The following activities are examples of projects that are eligible public transportation alternatives.

(1) Purchasing vehicles to support accessible taxi, ride-sharing, and/or vanpooling programs. Section 5310 funds can be used to purchase and operate accessible vehicles for use in taxi, ride-sharing, and/or vanpool programs provided that the vehicle meets the same requirements for lifts, ramps, and securement systems specified in 49 CFR part 38, subpart B, at a minimum, and permits a passenger whose wheelchair can be accommodated pursuant to part 38 to remain in his/her personal mobility device inside the vehicle.

(2) Supporting the administration and expenses related to voucher programs for transportation services offered by human service providers. This activity is intended to support and supplement existing transportation services by expanding the number of providers available or the number of passengers receiving transportation services. Vouchers can be used as an administrative mechanism for payment of alternative transportation services to supplement available public transportation. The Section 5310 program can provide vouchers to seniors and individuals with disabilities to purchase rides, including: (a) mileage reimbursement as part of a volunteer driver program; (b) a taxi trip; or (c) trips provided by a human service agency. Providers of transportation can then submit the voucher for reimbursement to the recipient for payment based on predetermined rates or contractual arrangements. Transit passes or vouchers for use on existing fixed-route or ADA complementary paratransit service are not eligible. Vouchers are an operational expense which requires a 50/50 (federal/local) match.

(3) Supporting volunteer driver and aide programs. Volunteer driver programs are eligible and include support for costs associated with the administration, management of driver recruitment, safety, background checks, scheduling, coordination with passengers, other related support functions, mileage reimbursement, and insurance associated with volunteer driver programs. The costs of enhancements to increase capacity of volunteer driver programs are also eligible. FTA encourages communities to offer consideration for utilizing all available funding resources as an integrated part of the design and delivery of any volunteer driver/aide program.

e. Limits on operating assistance. Given the 55 percent requirement for traditional Section 5310 capital projects, a recipient may allocate up to 45 percent of its apportionment for operating assistance. However, this funding is limited to eligible projects as described in 49 U.S.C. 5310(b)(1)(B-D) and described in this section (b, c, and d), above. Operating assistance for required ADA complementary paratransit service is not an eligible expense.

APPENDIX 2 -VEHICLE GUIDE

PTT Category	Photo	Approx. GVWR	Number of Seats	Approximate Length	Useful Minimum Life
A: Large, Heavy-Duty Transit Bus and Articulated Buses		33,000 – 40,000 lbs.	35 – 40+	35 – 40 ft. or greater	12 years or 500,000 miles
B. Small-Size, Heavy-Duty Transit Bus		26,000 – 33,000 lbs.	25 – 35	30 – 35 ft.	10 years or 350,000 miles
C. Medium-Size, Medium-Duty Transit Bus & Truck Chassis Cutaway Bus		10,000 - 26,000 lbs.	16 – 30	25 – 35 ft.	7 years or 200,000 miles
D. Medium-Size, Light-Duty Bus & Van Chassis Cutaway Bus		10,000 – 16,000 lbs.	12 – 16	25 – 35 ft.	5 years or 150,000 miles
E-1: Small, Light-Duty Bus (all bus model exempt from 49 CFR 665 bus testing.		6,000 – 14,000 lbs	3 – 14	E-1: 20 – 24 ft.	4 years or 100,000 miles
F-1: Modified Vans F-2: Modified Minivans (33,000 – 40,000 lbs.) F-3: Vans F-4: Minivans F-5: Station Wagons F-6 Sedans		0 – 6,000 lbs	4 -14	< 20 ft.	4 years or 100,000 miles

APPENDIX 3 – PROJECT CATEGORIES

Category 1 --- Traditional 5310 Projects: capital investment in vehicles, equipment, preventive maintenance, mobility management, and technology. Single agencies or partnerships are eligible to apply.

Category 2 --- Regional Projects: capital and/or operating assistance for regional projects including vehicle pools, scheduling and reporting software, insurance, and maintenance. Single agencies or partnerships are eligible to apply.

Category 3 --- Partnership Projects: capital and/or operating assistance for coordinated projects between two or more agencies including vehicles, equipment, preventive maintenance, technology, volunteer programs, driver salaries, vehicle insurance, vehicle maintenance, fuel, and voucher programs. Partnerships, only, are eligible to apply.

Category 4 --- Single Agency Projects: capital and/or operating assistance for projects including volunteer programs, driver salaries, vehicle insurance, vehicle maintenance, fuel, and voucher programs. Single agencies, only, are eligible to apply.

APPENDIX 4 CRITERIA AND SCORING

Evaluation Criteria		Scoring Explanation	Scoring
1	FTA 5310 Coordination Requirement	How does the project address the needs and strategies identified in the 2013 Coordinated Plans? FTA requires that the project address at least one need/strategy. Scoring: 5 points for each need and strategy identified. Maximum award of 20 points.	0-20
2	Commitment to Collaboration	How does the project demonstrate commitment to collaboration? Scoring: 10 points for demonstration of current collaboration. 10 points for a current formal partnership with a letter of commitment. 10 points for a future partnership with a letter of commitment. Maximum award of 30 points	0-30
3	Project Work Plan	How does the work plan address the five required elements - project goals, implementation timeline, project staffing, marketing strategy, and project sustainability? Scoring: A maximum of 4 points for each of the five required elements. Maximum award of 20 points.	0-20
4	Performance Measures	How does the project meet the performance measures set forth by the FTA 5310 program? Traditional 5310 projects 1-Gaps in service filled measured in total number of seniors and persons with disabilities served. 2-Ridership measured in one-way trips. Other section 5310 projects 1-Impact of availability of transportation services measured in geographic coverage, service quality/times, or addition/change to physical infrastructure, technology, or vehicles. 2- Ridership measured in one-way trips. Scoring: 10 points per Performance Measure. Maximum award of 20 points.	0-20
5	Project Letters of Support	Do other Human Service agencies and transportation providers support your project? Scoring: 5 points per letter of support. Maximum award of 15 points.	0-15